Design & Control of an Outdoor Robotic Walker Final Presentation – 4/12/2012

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Project Sponsor:



Project Advisors: Dr. Emmanuel G. Collins, Ph.D Dr. Oscar Chuy, Ph.D

Department of Mechanical Engineering

Overview

- 1) Project Introduction
- 2) Design Specifications
- 3) Concept Generation
- 4) Interim Designs
- 5) Final Design
- 6) Manufacturing & Assembly
- 7) Testing & Results
- 8) Discussion & Conclusions

Problem Statement

The current generation of mobility assistive devices limits the user in freedom of motion and provides little additional assistance to the user beyond simple stabilization.

Current Generation Limitations:

- Traversable terrain
 - Indoor operation only
- Functionality
 - Only perform basic functions
- Expensive or unnecessary
 - Scooters / electric wheelchairs



http://www.hizook.com/blog/2009/08/10/robotic-walkers-assist-elderly



http://www.4-medical-supplies.com/electric-power-wheelchairs

Proposed Solution

Develop an assistive walking device designed to actively assist the user in both indoor and outdoor maneuverability.

Objectives:

- Further empower disabled & elderly
- Offer wide-range of assistive functions
- Maintain ease of use & intuitiveness



Proposed solution

Project Scope

Design and construct the initial research platform for a user-controlled outdoor robotic walker.

Project Constraints:

- Traverse varied terrain surfaces
 - Indoor: Tile, Carpet
 - Outdoor: Concrete, Grass, Gravel, Dirt
- Operate within the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) standards
- Utilize force-based user controls
- Cost less than \$5000
- Allow for design evolution of future platforms in years to come



Final assembly

- 1) Project Introduction
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Specifications

Frame:

- Aesthetics
 - Resemble current generation of walkers
- Dimensions
 - Handle height 32 to 39 inches
 - Handle width 14 to 23 inches
- Safety Standards
 - Support up to 300 pounds
- Light weight
 - Less than 200 pounds
 - Aluminum framing



CAD of core frame

Specifications

Propulsion:

- Minimum 11 inch diameter wheels or tracks
- Travel up / down slopes up to 10°
- Semi-omni-directional movement
 - Move transversely 45° from the center axis
- Maximum operating speed of at least 5 mph

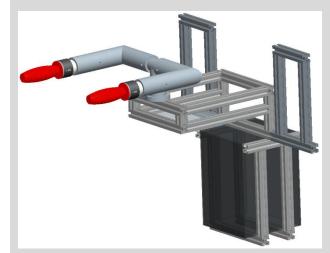


CAD of propulsion system used in finalized design

Specifications

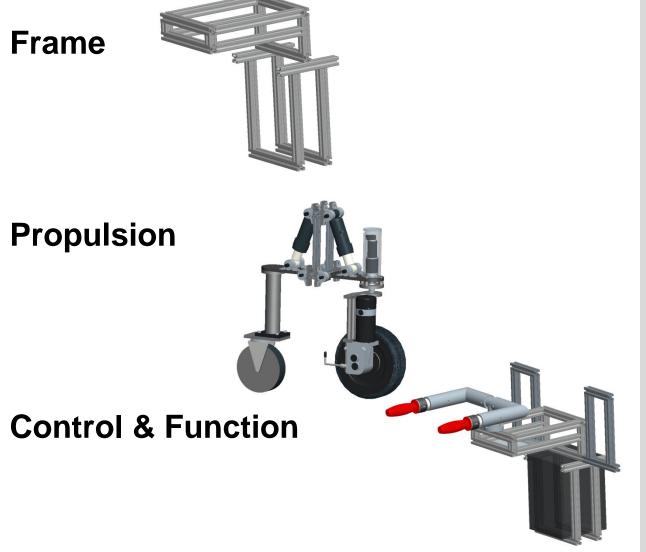
Control & Function:

- Intuitive user input
 - Force-based drive control
- Proposed control algorithms
 - Fall prevention
 - Sit-down / stand-up assistance
 - Object detection / avoidance
 - Localization & navigation



CAD of control systems used in finalized design

Design Criteria



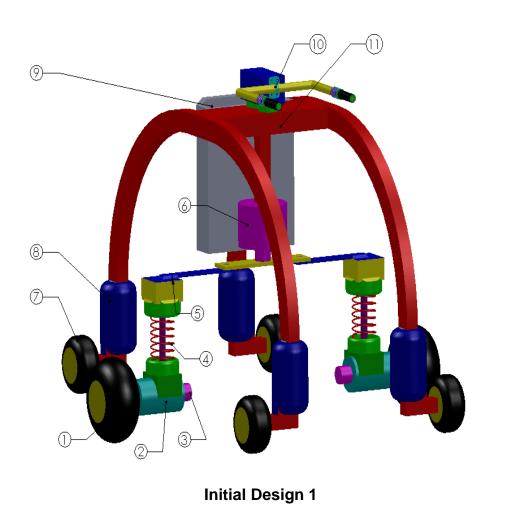
Maximize:

- Versatility
- Robustness
- User-friendliness
- Indoor operation
- Outdoor operation

Minimize:

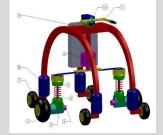
- Cost
- Weight

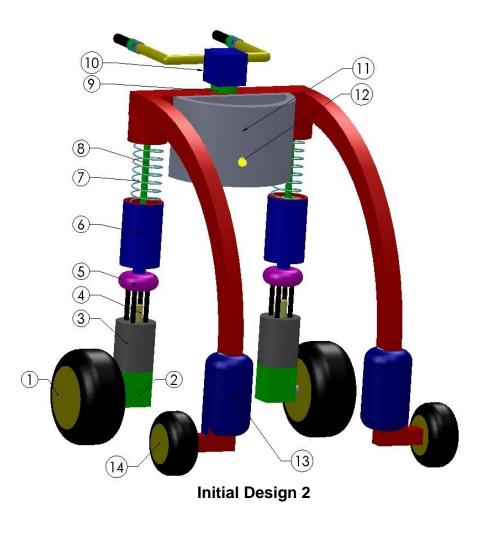
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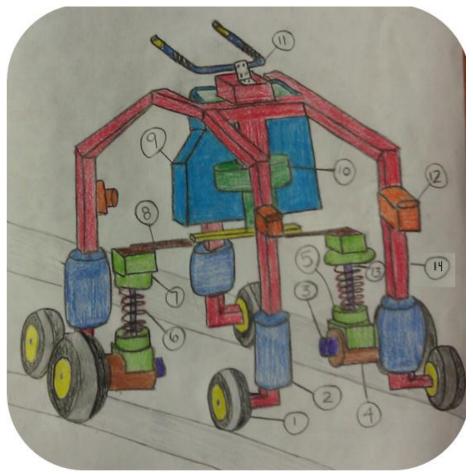


3) Concept Generation

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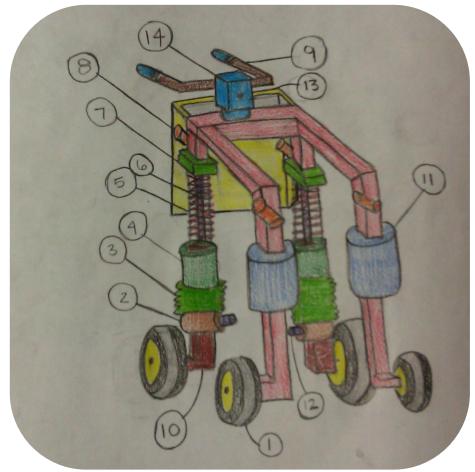




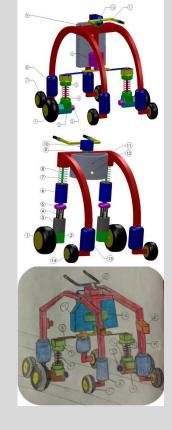


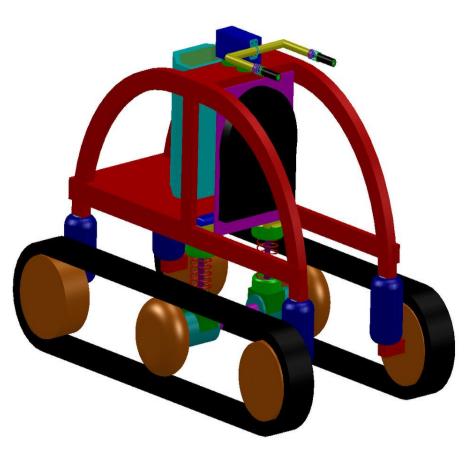
Initial Design 3

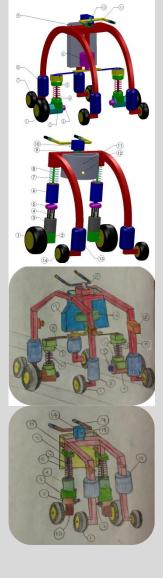
3) Concept Generation



Initial Design 4



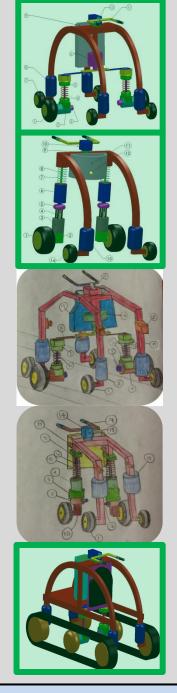




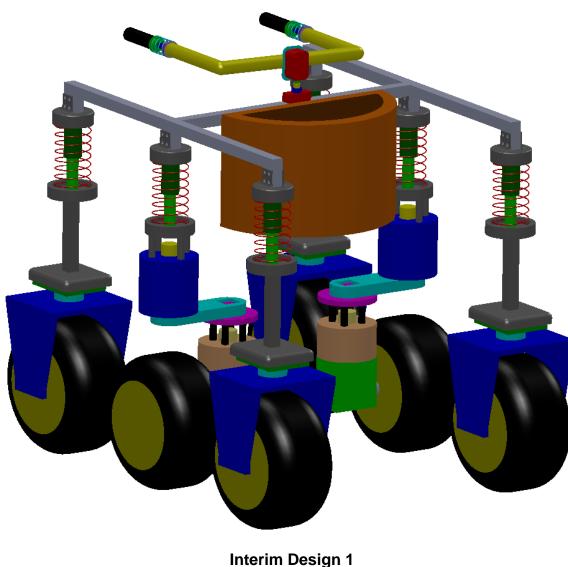
Initial Design 5

Decision Matrix

		Initial 1		Initial 2		Initial 3		Initial 4		Initial 5	
	Weight	Score	Weighted								
Versatility	0.15	3	0.454	5	0.757	3	0.454	3	0.454	3	0.454
Robustness	0.17	4	0.699	3	0.524	5	0.874	3	0.524	4	0.699
User-friendliness	0.22	3	0.670	4	0.894	2	0.447	5	1.117	3	0.670
Cost	0.04	2	0.086	2	0.086	1	0.043	1	0.043	1	0.043
Indoor	0.14	3	0.429	3	0.429	2	0.286	3	0.429	1	0.143
Outdoor	0.23	4	0.926	3	0.695	3	0.695	2	0.463	5	1.158
Weight	0.03	2	0.066	3	0.099	1	0.033	4	0.132	1	0.033
		Sum	3.331		3.483		2.832		3.163		3.200

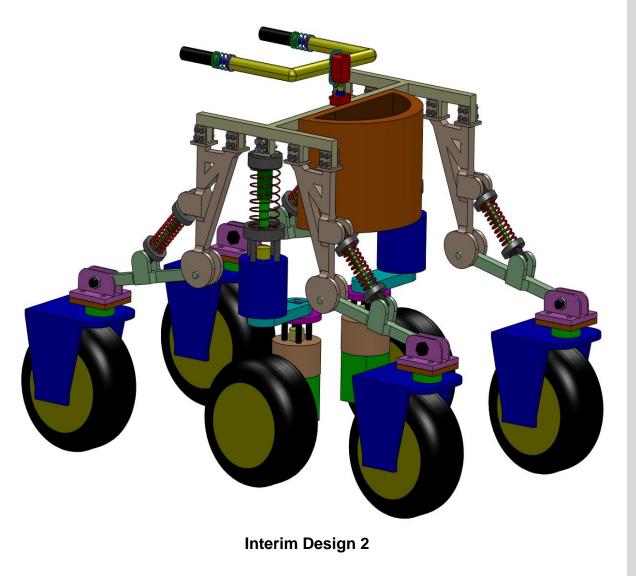


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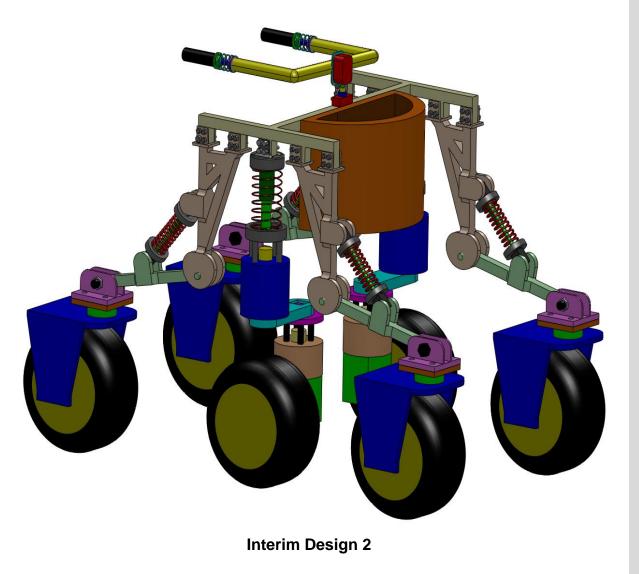
Problems:

- 1. Zero offset passive casters
- 2. No horizontal shock absorption
- 3. Too constricting to user



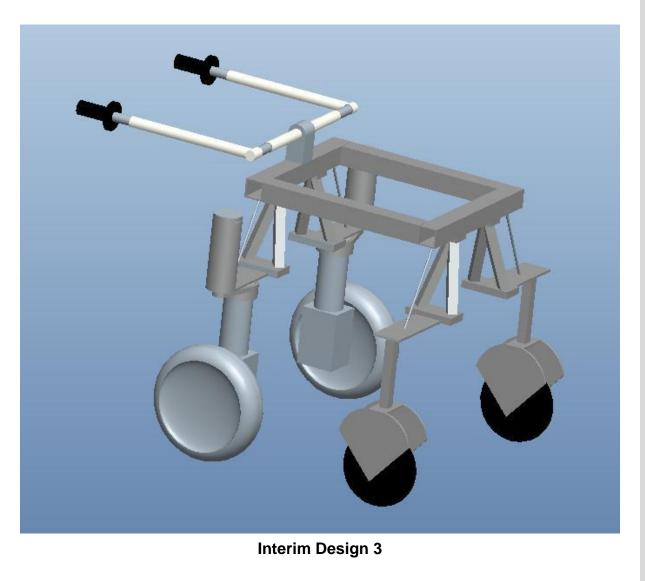
Fixes:

- 1. Swivel offset casters
- 2. Angled caster suspension
- 3. Smaller user restriction



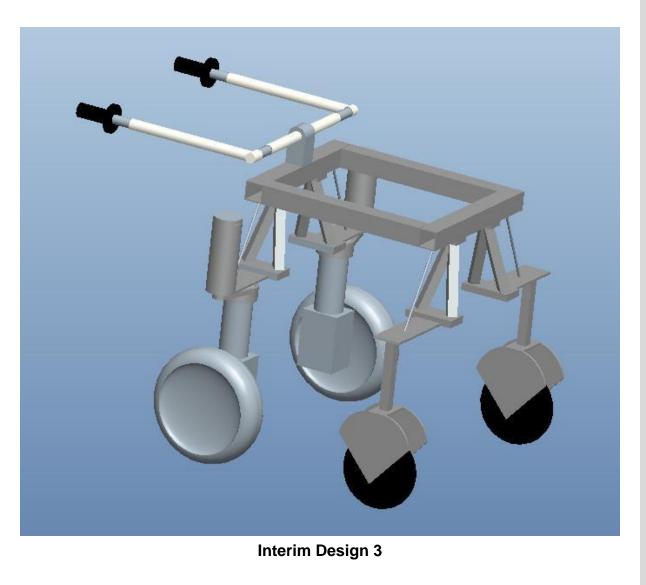
Problems:

- 1. No horizontal support for driving wheels
- 2. Low maneuverability
- 3. No room to house power and control systems



Fixes:

- 1. Angled suspension for all wheels
- 2. Four wheel design
- 3. Larger frame area to house electrical components

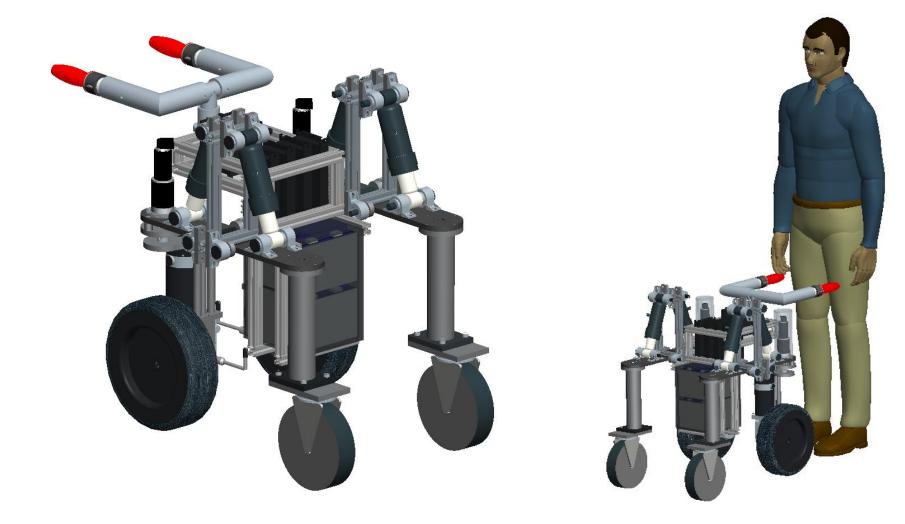


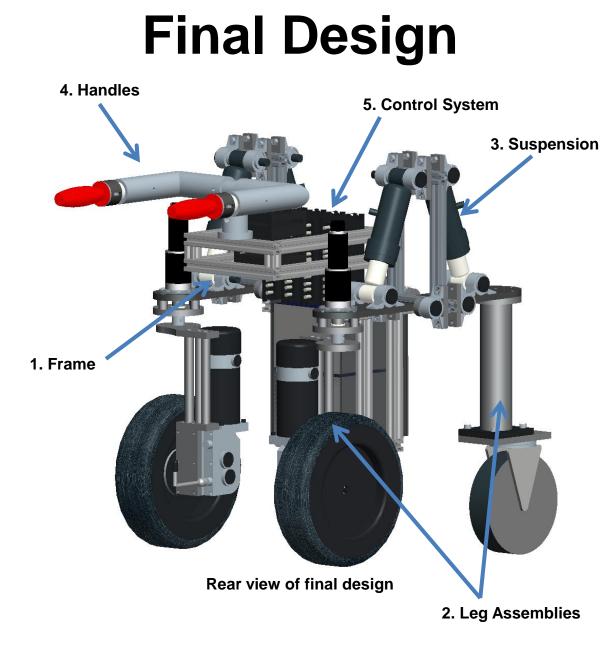
Problems:

- 1. 90° offset of suspension
- 2. Poor / unavailable material choices
- 3. Flimsy handles

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Final Design

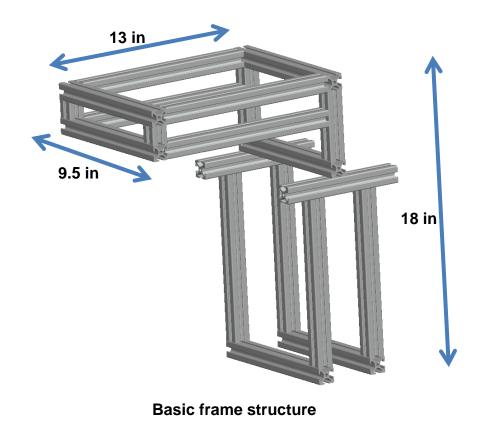




Major Components:

- 1. Frame
- 2. Leg Assemblies
- 3. Suspension
- 4. Handles
- 5. Control System

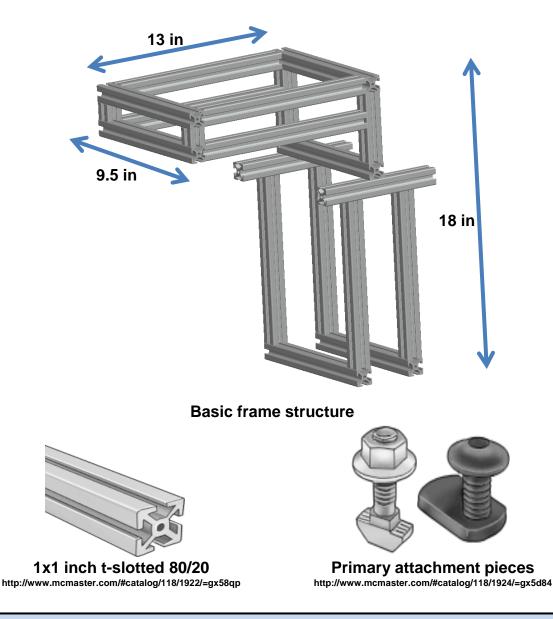
Frame



Dimensions:

- Width: 9.5 in
- Length: 13 in
- Height: 18 in

Frame



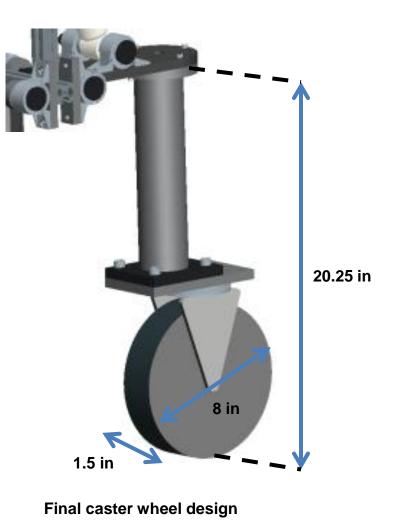
Dimensions:

- Width: 9.5 in
- Length: 13 in
- Height: 18 in

Features:

- 1x1 inch t-slotted aluminum 80/20
- Variable mounting locations
- Design evolution

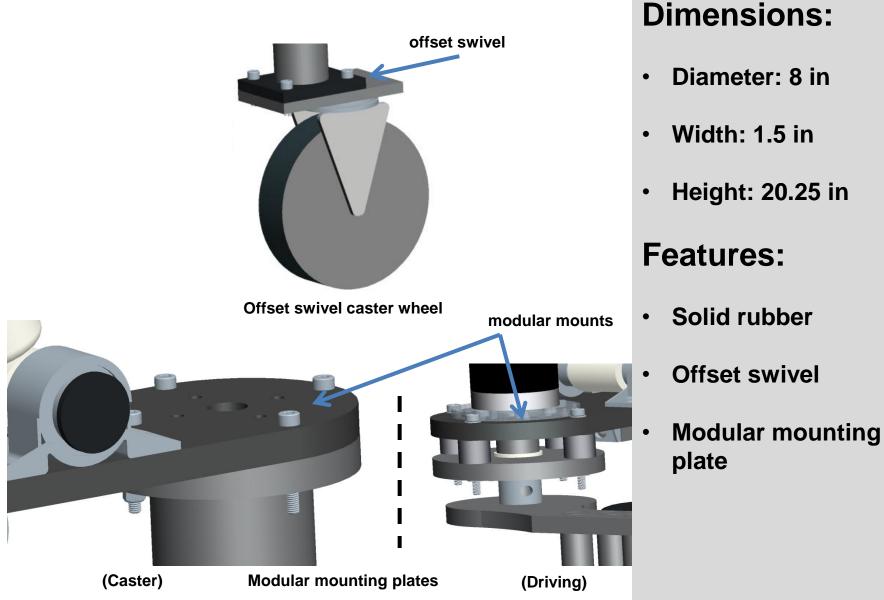
5) Final Design



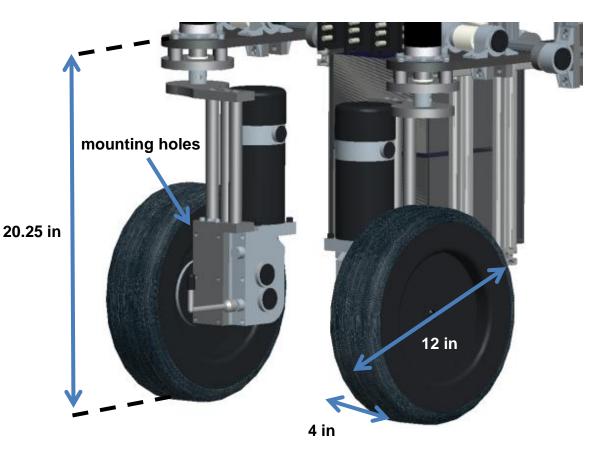
Caster Wheels

Dimensions:

- Diameter: 8 in
- Width: 1.5 in
- Height: 20.25 in



Caster Wheels



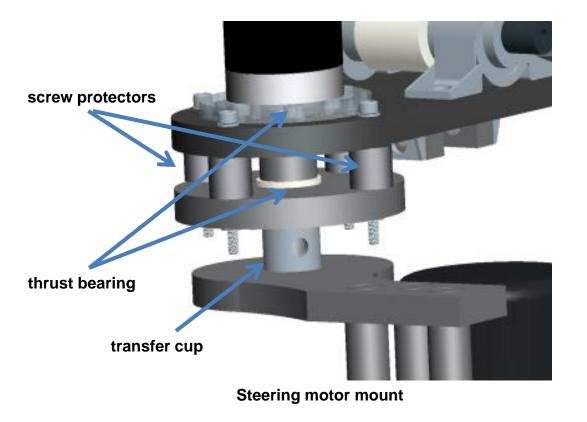
Final driving wheel design

Driving Wheels

Dimensions:

- Diameter: 12 in
- Width: 4 in
- Height: 20.25 in

- Air filled / Metal rimmed
- Preexisting mounting holes

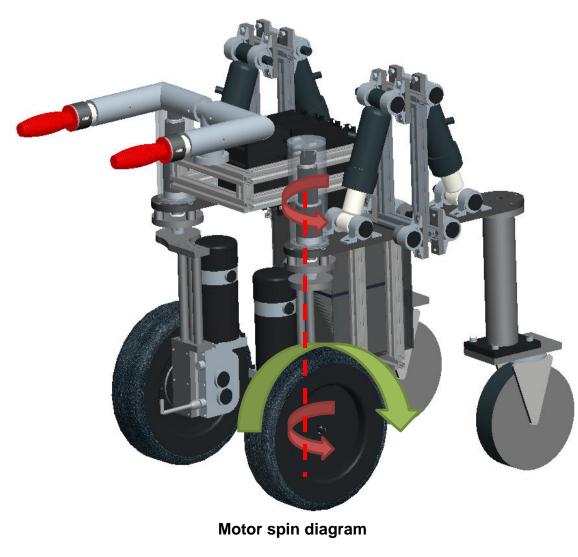


Driving Wheels

Dimensions:

- Diameter: 12 in
- Width: 4 in
- Height: 20.25 in

- Air filled / Metal rimmed
- Preexisting mounting holes
- Transfer cup
- Screw protectors
- Thrust bearings



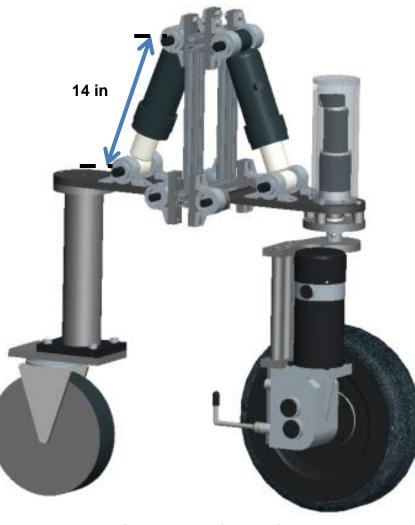
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Suspension

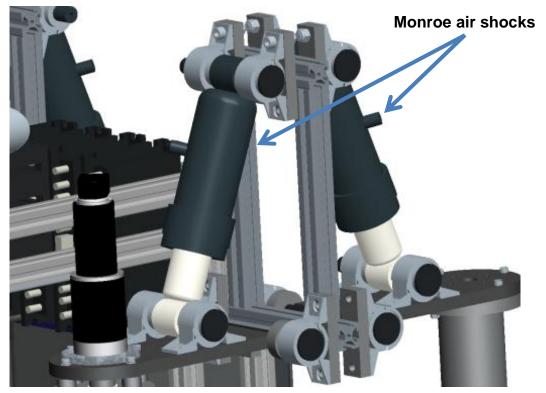


Final suspension design

Dimensions:

- Natural: 14 in
- Compressed: 9.375 in

Suspension



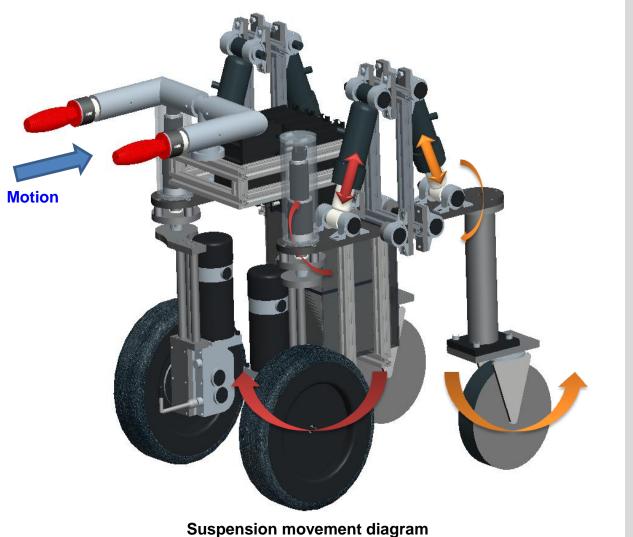
Suspension mount

Dimensions:

- Natural: 14 in
- Compressed: 9.375 in

- Monroe Max-Air adjustable air shocks
- Same for all wheels
 Modular

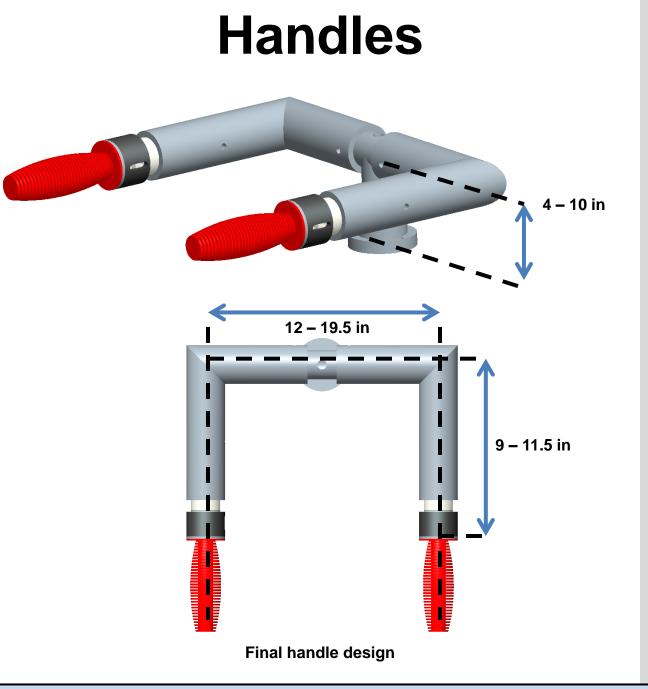
Suspension



Dimensions:

- Natural: 14 in
- Compressed: 9.375 in

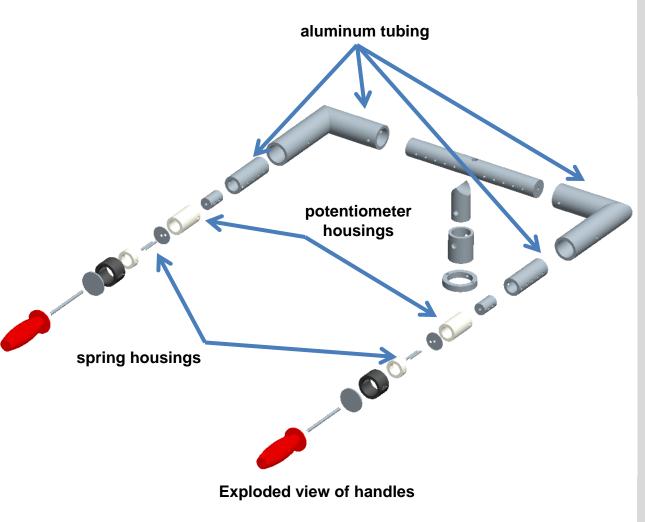
- Monroe Max-Air adjustable air shocks
- Same for all wheels
 Modular
- In-line with direction of travel



Dimensions:

- Width: 12 19.5 in
- Depth: 9 11.5 in
- Height: 4 10 in

Handles

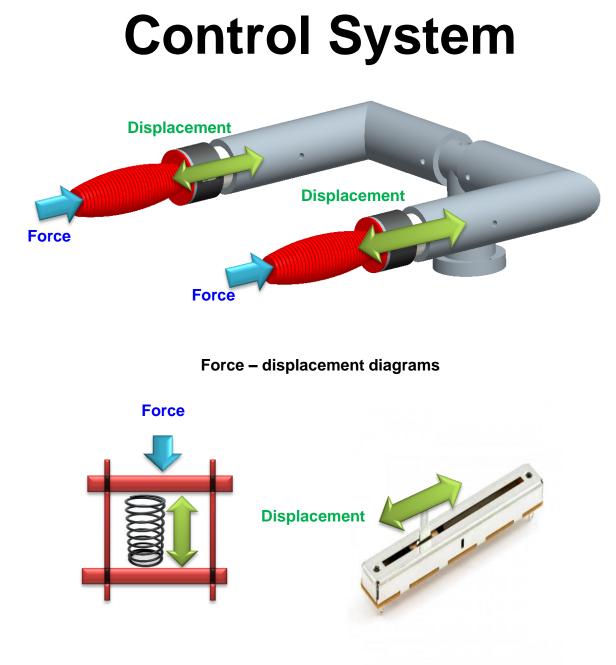


Dimensions:

- Width: 12 19.5 in
- Depth: 9 11.5 in
- Height: 4 10 in

Features:

- Concentric aluminum tubing
- Linear potentiometers
- Interchangeable spring housing



User Input

- 2 exchangeable linear compression springs
- 2 10kΩ linear potentiometers

Control System



Motor driver http://www.a-m-c.com/images/productpics/120a10.jpg

User Input

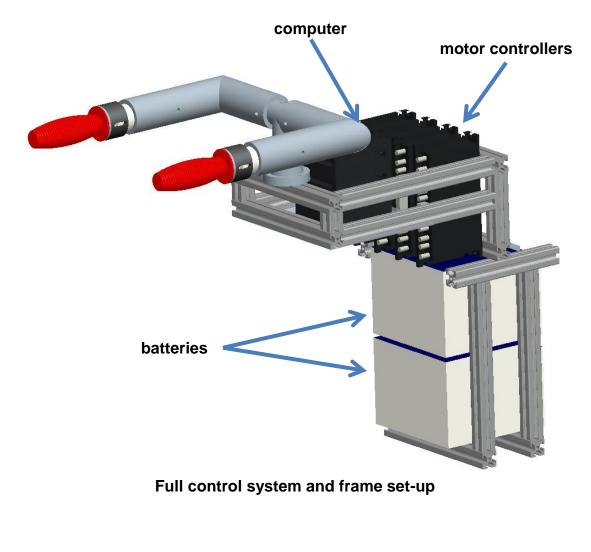
- 2 exchangeable linear compression springs
- 2 10kΩ linear potentiometers

Control

- 1 PC104 computer stack
- 4 brushed motor drivers

5) Final Design

Control System



User Input

- 2 exchangeable linear compression springs
- 2 10kΩ linear potentiometers

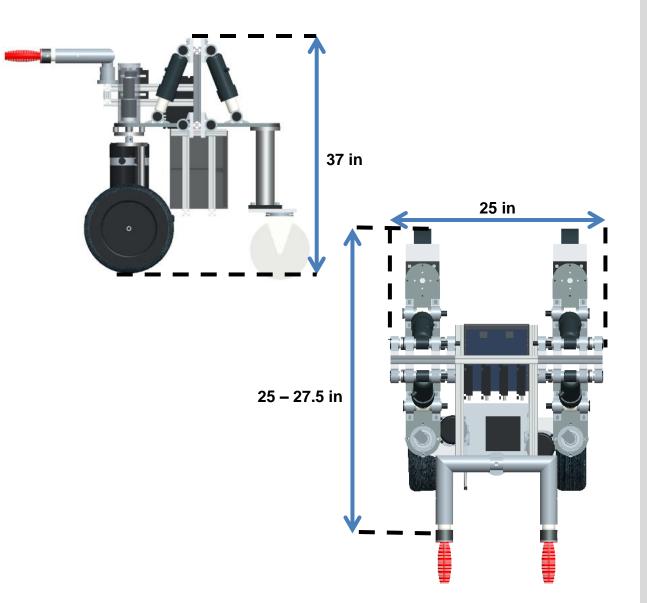
Control

- 1 PC104 computer stack
- 4 brushed motor drivers

Power

 2 – 12V lead acid batteries

Final Design



Dimensions:

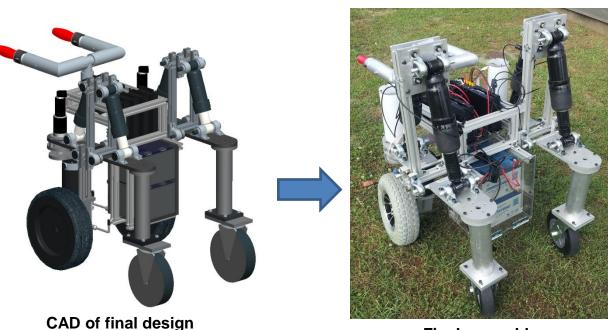
- Length: 25 27.5
- Width: 25 in
- Height: 37 in
- Weight: ~180 lbs

Decision Matrix Comparison

		Initial 1		Initial 2		Initial 3		Initial 4		Initial 5	
	Weight	Score	Weighted								
Versatility	0.15	3	0.454	5	0.757	3	0.454	3	0.454	3	0.454
Robustness	0.17	4	0.699	3	0.524	5	0.874	3	0.524	4	0.699
User-friendliness	0.22	3	0.670	4	0.894	2	0.447	5	1.117	3	0.670
Cost	0.04	2	0.086	2	0.086	1	0.043	1	0.043	1	0.043
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Outdoor	0.23	4	0.926	3	0.695	3	0.695	2	0.463	5	1.158
Weight	0.03	2	0.066	3	0.000	1	0.033	4	0.132	1	0.022
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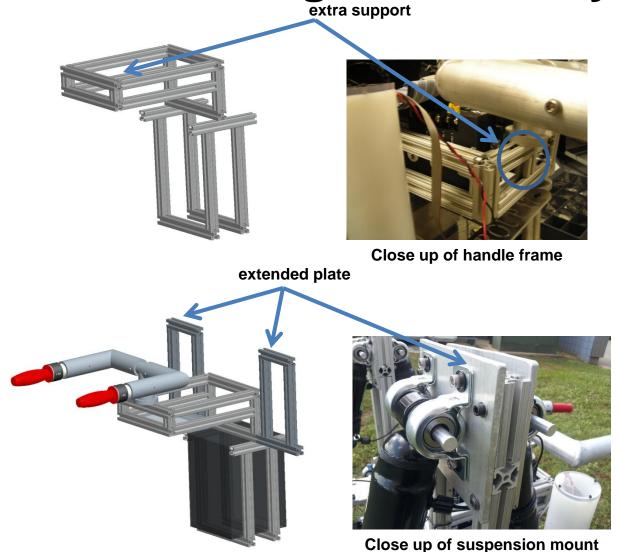
		In	terim 1	Interim 2		Interim 3		Final	
	Weight	Score	Weighted	Score	Weighted	Score	Weighted	Score	Weighted
Versatility	0.15	4	0.606	4	0.606	4	0.606	4	0.606
Robustness	0.17	3	0.524	3	0.524	2	0.350	3	0.524
User-friendliness	0.22	3	0.670	4	0.894	5	1.117	5	1.117
Cost	0.04	2	0.086	2	0.086	4	0.171	3	0.128
Indoor	0.14	2	0.286	2	0.286	5	0.715	5	0.715
Outdoor	0.23	5	1.158	5	1.158	3	0.695	4	0.926
Weight	0.03	2	0.066	2	<u> </u>	3		2	0.066
			3.396		3.619		3.752		4.083

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Final assembly

- 1. Frame
- 2. Suspension
- 3. Leg assemblies
- 4. Motor mounts
- 5. Handles

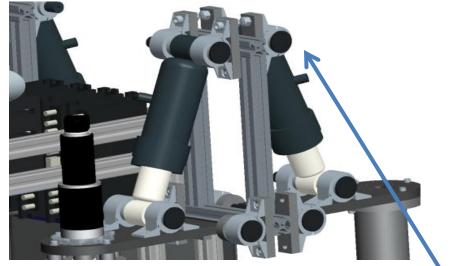


CAD of final frame design

1. Frame

Modifications:

- Additional supports to prevent bending moment
- Extended plates for suspension mounting



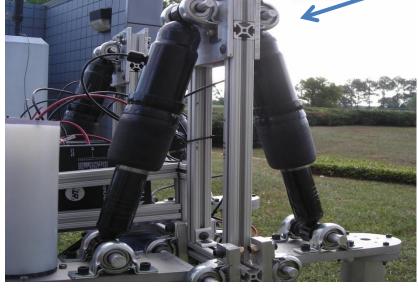
CAD of final suspension design

higher mount

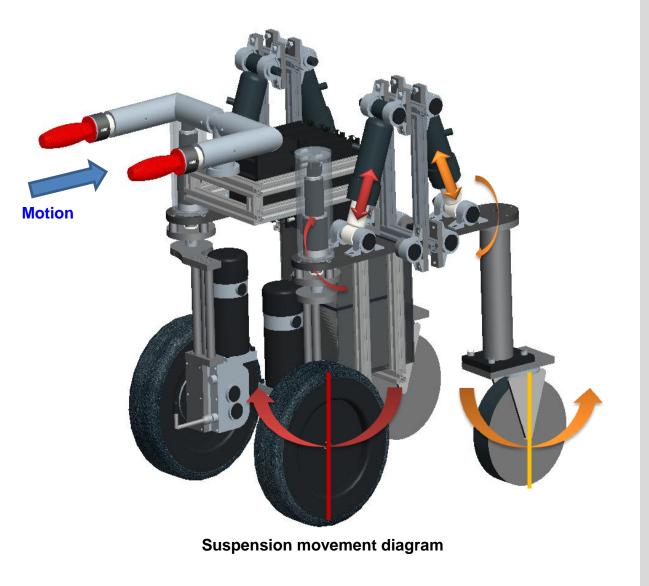
2. Suspension

Modifications:

 Higher mounting location



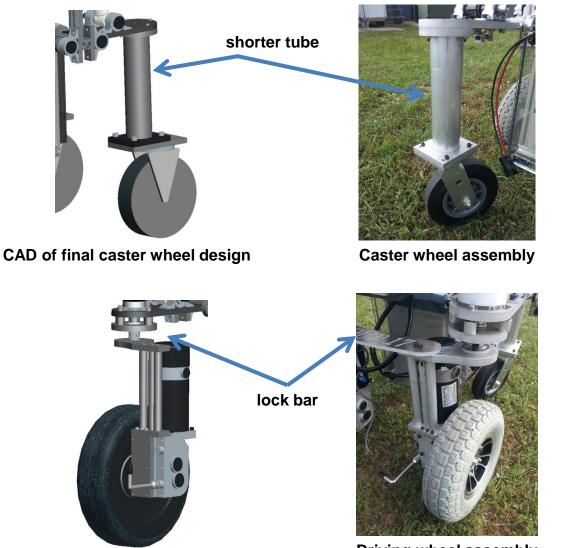
Suspension assembly



2. Suspension

Modifications:

Higher mounting location



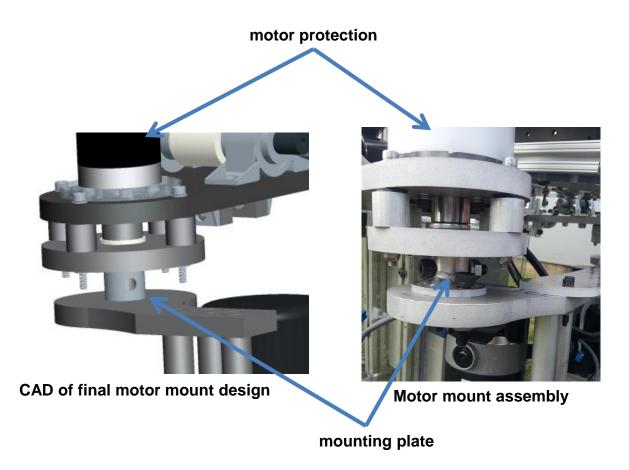
CAD of final driving wheel design

Driving wheel assembly

3. Leg assemblies

Modifications:

- Slightly shorter aluminum tubing
- Lock bar
 - Passive
 - Reduced complexity

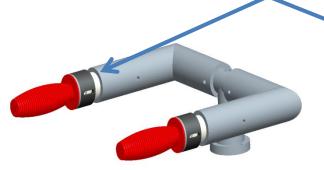


4. Motor mounts

Modifications:

- Steering motor protective cover
- Bolted mounting plate

modified housing



CAD of final handle design



Final handle assembly

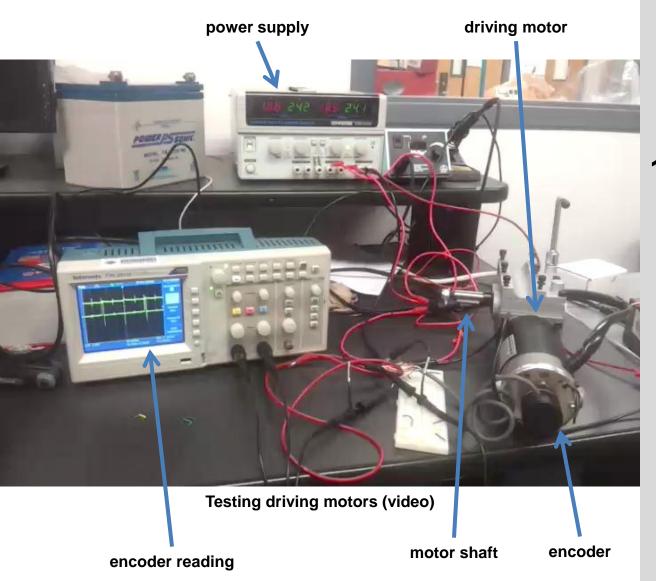
5. Handles

Modifications:

Modified potentiometer housing

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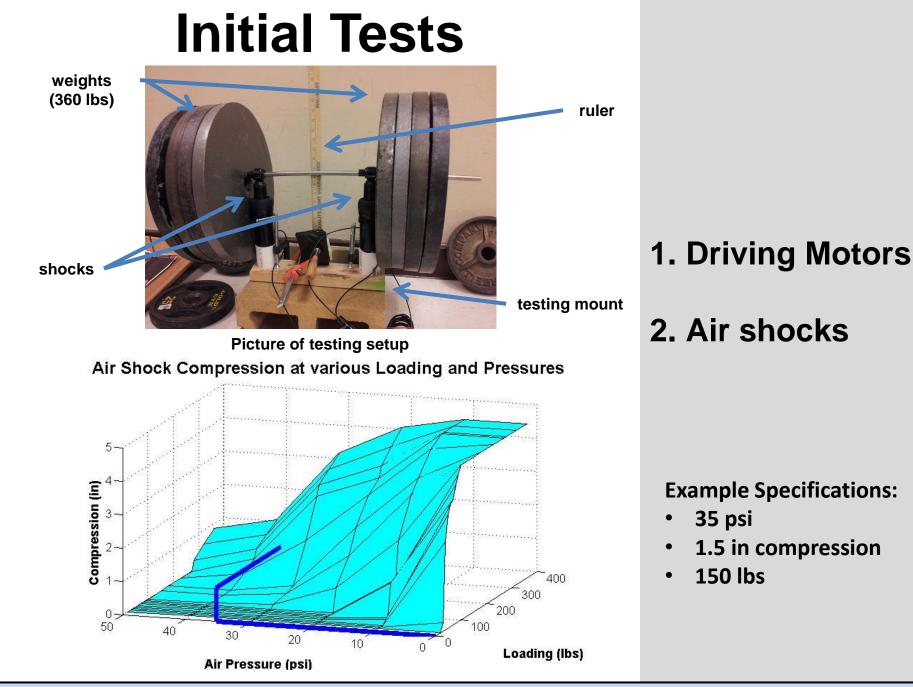
Initial Tests



1. Driving Motors

7) Testing & Results

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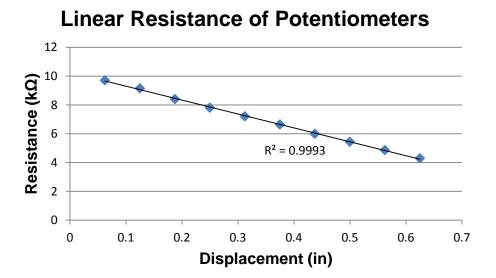
Initial Tests

multi-meter

potentiometer



Picture of testing setup

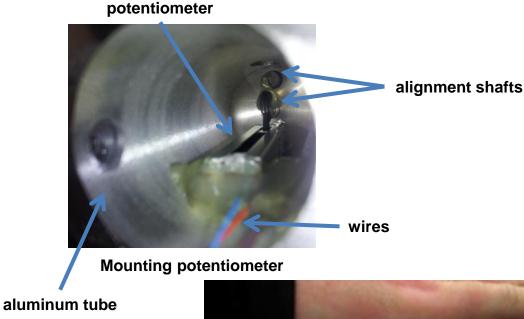


1. Driving Motors

2. Air shocks

3. Linear potentiometers

Initial Tests



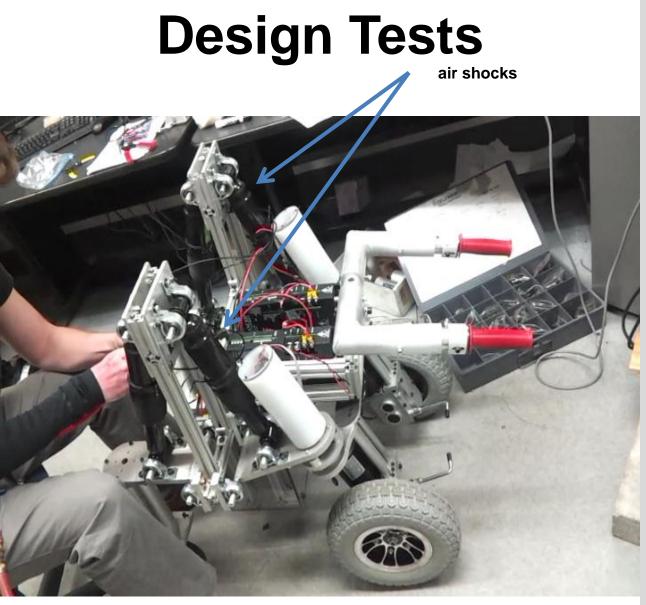
1. Driving Motors

2. Air shocks

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7) Testing & Results

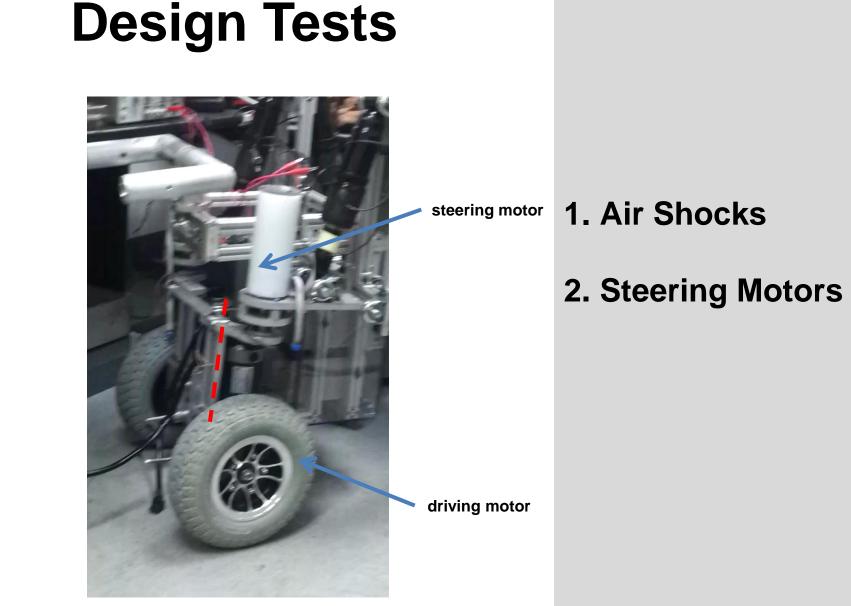


1. Air Shocks

Testing air shocks (video)

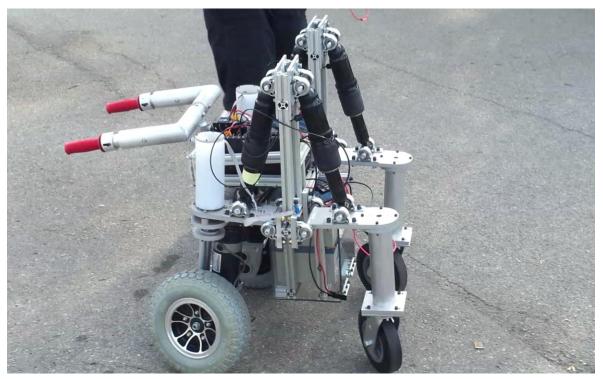
7) Testing & Results

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Testing steering motors (video)

Design Tests



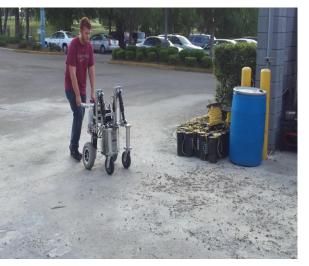
Testing driving motors (video)

- **1. Air Shocks**
- 2. Steering Motors
- **3. Driving Motors**

Design Tests



Tile, carpet, cement, grass (video)



Gravel (video)



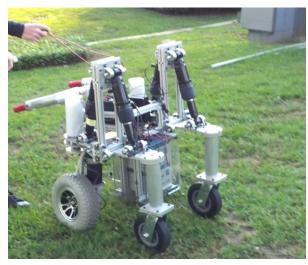
Large obstacles (video)



Ramps (video)

- 1. Air Shocks
- 2. Steering Motors
- **3. Driving Motors**
- 4. Various Surfaces• Pushing

Design Tests



Grass, cement (video)



Gravel (video)



Tile (video)



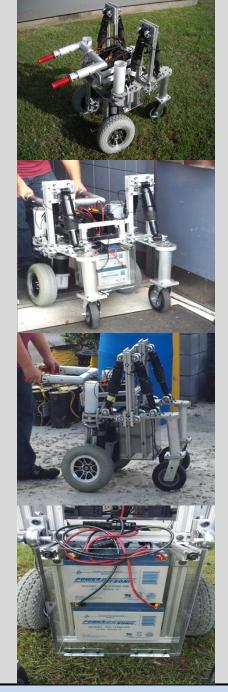
1. Air Shocks

- 2. Steering Motors
- **3. Driving Motors**
- 4. Various Surfaces
 - Pushing
 - Driving

Results Summary

Completed Objectives:

- Construct stable walker
 - Passive / Active
- Operate within ADA standard environments
 - Width less than 32 inch
 - Weight less than 200 lbs
- Traverse varied terrain
 - Indoor: Tile, Carpet
 - Outdoor: Concrete, Grass, Gravel, Dirt, Slopes
- Incorporate operational power systems
 - Driving motors
 - Steering motors
 - Potentiometers



Results Summary

Remaining Tasks:

- Recalibrate shocks
 - Experimentally or empirically
- Stabilize / finalize handles
 - More mounting holes
 - Finish machining height inserts
- Reinforce structure
 - Connection braces
 - Locking washers to counteract vibrations
- Incorporate control system
 - Program microcontroller
 - Test / debug
- Continue testing
 - Obstacle traversing
 - Loading



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Project Budget

Budget Allowance

Total Money Spent as of 4/12/2012

Available funds as of 4/12/2012

Expenditures:

- Motors: \$1900
- Hardware: \$1500
- Electronics: \$800
- Miscellaneous: \$300

Provided:

- Machine Shop: 75+ hrs
- Motor drivers: \$2900
- Computer: \$1000
- Encoders: \$700
- Raw Material: \$500
- Miscellaneous: \$100

\$5,000.00

\$4,513.35

\$486.65

Economics

Potential Markets:

- Medical field
 - Hospitals
 - Rehabilitation Centers
- Direct to consumer
 - Elderly
 - Disabled

Estimated Costs:

- Motors: \$2000
- Controls: \$2000
- Hardware: <u>\$1000</u> Total: \$5000

Standard power chair: \$5000



http://www.case.edu/think/breakingnews/careproject.html



http://www.flickr.com/photos/chrisgold/6435078007/lightbox/

Health & Safety

Immediate Safety Concerns:

- Hardware
 - Sharp edges / corners
 - Heavy
- Electronics

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- High voltage
- Exposed wires

Consumer Safety Concerns:

- Run-away hazard
 - Kill switch
- Shocking hazard
 - Not waterproof
- Falling hazard
 - Heavy



http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Caution_sign_used_on_roads_pn.svg

Summary

Problem:

 Elderly & disabled utilizing current generation assistive devices are limited in their outdoor mobility



Glasshouse Images ©



Solution:

 Develop robotic outdoor walker to improve mobility and quality of assistance provided

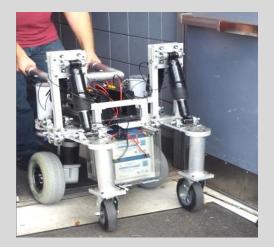
Summary

Objectives:

- Traverse varied terrain
- Scale 4 inch obstacles
- Operate within ADA standards
- Easily adaptable into future work

Results:

- Successful passive & non-controlled active prototype with appropriate dimensions
- Reinforcement to frame & slight modifications to suspension may improve performance
- Larger casters & more even weight distribution may improve obstacle scaling
- Further tests required on slopes & in loading





References

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Caution_sign_used_on_roads_pn.svg http://www.flickr.com/photos/chrisgold/6435078007/lightbox/ http://www.case.edu/think/breakingnews/careproject.html http://www.nashuatelegraph.com/sportslocalsports/954816-222/art-demers-focusing-on-return-toclassroom.html# http://thesnowangels.org/ //http://hic2011.edublogs.org/2011/10/20/green/ //http://topnews.net.nz/content/211444-7000-red-cross-volunteers-put-100-worth-free-labour-each http://www.access-board.gov/adaag/html/ http://www.a-m-c.com/images/productpics/120a10.jpg http://www.easycomforts.com/EasyComforts/subcategory.aspx?id=mobility%20and%20accessories&bid= EC_Flash2^Mobility%20and%20Accessories http://www.4-medical-supplies.com/electric-power-wheelchairs/ http://www.assistivedeviceskey.com/category/2185098 http://www.rimdoor.com/page.cfm?page=140 http://hungyulin.com/?page id=5 http://www.hizook.com/blog/2009/08/10/robotic-walkers-assist-elderly http://news.cnet.com/8301-13639 3-10098240-42.html http://www.robotcombat.com/store tanktreads.html http://www.directindustry.com/prod/kistler/force-plates-5346-40016.html http://dcacmotors.blogspot.com/2009/08/dc-motors-torguespeed-curves.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Mass_spring_damper.png http://www.superstock.com/resultsframe.asp

Questions?